

1 [receiving a request from a user to access a resource on the computer  
2 network;]

3 checking a first memory to determine if [the] a user [may] has previously  
4 accessed [the] a resource on a computer network upon receipt of an indication  
5 from the user to access the resource; and

6 providing the user with access to the resource if the first memory indicates  
7 that the user [may] has previously accessed the resource[;

8 checking with a second memory to determine if the user may access the  
9 resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user may access the  
10 resource;

11 providing the user with access to the resource if the second memory  
12 indicates that the user may access the resource; and

13 storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access  
14 the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates  
15 that the user may access the resource].

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17 2. *Please cancel claim 2 without prejudice.*

18  
19 6. *Please cancel claim 6 without prejudice.*

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21 10. (Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim [1] 29 wherein  
22 storing the information in the first memory comprises overwriting other  
23 information associated with the resource in the first memory.

1 15. (Amended) A method for providing access to a computer network, the  
2 method comprising:

3 [receiving a request from a user to access a resource on the computer  
4 network];

5 checking a first memory to determine if [the] a user [may] has previously  
6 accessed [the] a requested resource; and

7 providing the user with access to the resource if the first memory indicates  
8 that the user [may] has previously accessed the resource[;

9 checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the resource  
10 if the first memory does not indicate that the user may access the resource;

11 providing the user with access to the resource if the second memory  
12 indicates that the user may access the resource; and

13 storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access  
14 the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates  
15 that the user may access the resource].

16  
17 16. *Please cancel claim 16 without prejudice.*  
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19 24. (Amended) The method of claim [15] 30 wherein storing the information  
20 in the first memory comprises overwriting other information associated with the  
21 resource in the first memory.

22  
23 *Please add the following new claims*

24 29. (New) A computer-readable medium according to claim 1, further  
25 comprising:

1 checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the  
2 requested resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user has  
3 previously accessed the requested resource;

4 providing the user with access to the requested resource if the second  
5 memory indicates that the user may access the requested resource; and

6 storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access  
7 the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates  
8 that the user may access the requested resource.

9  
10 30. (New) A method according to claim 15, further comprising:

11 checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the  
12 requested resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user has  
13 previously accessed the requested resource;

14 providing the user with access to the requested resource if the second  
15 memory so indicates; and

16 storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access  
17 the requested resource, if the second memory so indicates.

18  
19 31. (New) A method for controlling access to a resource, the method  
20 comprising:

21 checking a memory to determine if a requesting user has previously  
22 accessed the resource; and

23 providing the user with access to the requested resource if the user has  
24 previously accessed the resource.  
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